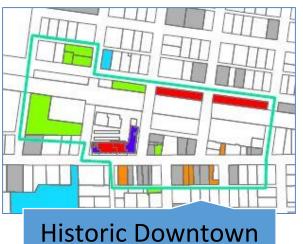
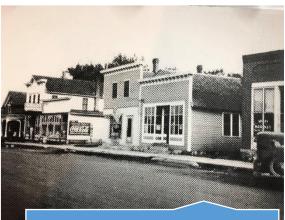
City of Norwood Young America





Norwood



Preserving History



Historic Downtown Young America

Downtown Redevelopment Plan

Historic Downtown Norwood & Historic Downtown Young America

December, 2018

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Executive Summary



The vision of the city of Norwood Young America is to build upon the history of the two downtown areas, by enhancing the unique characteristics and architectural features of buildings, resulting in vibrant small town downtowns with commercial, residential and governmental uses.



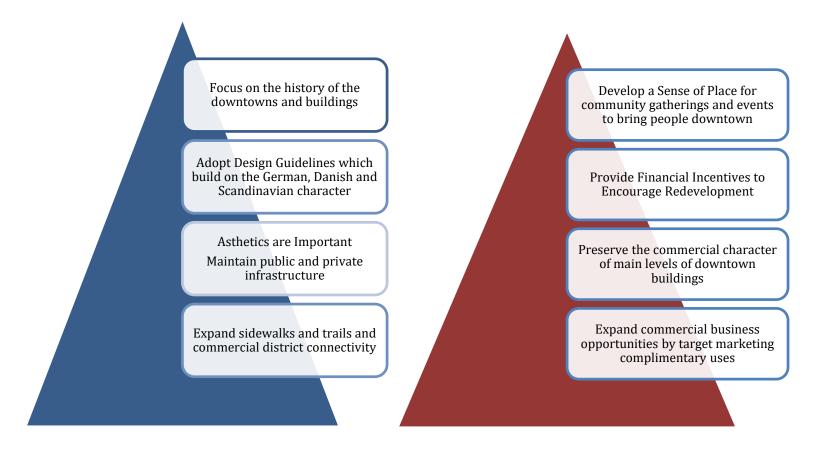
The purpose of the Downtown Redevelopment Plan is to establish the framework to accomplish the vision, identifying short and long range implementation tools.



The downtown commercial districts have been identified by the City as important commercial centers for retail, services and community gathering. While the Highway 212 commercial district plays an important role in commerce, this Plan focuses on the two downtown districts. The downtowns include a mix of government uses (Historic Downtown Norwood), services, retail businesses, residential units with adjacent recreational opportunities. This Plan provides the framework for redevelopment of the downtowns within Norwood Young America. It provides the history and information on the parcels as well as establishes goals and an implementation plan for achieving the vision. Recognizing the importance of each commercial district, this Plan builds on the history of each downtown; designating the areas as "Historic Downtown Norwood" and "Historic Downtown Young America" and identifying the boundaries of each downtown.

Executive Summary

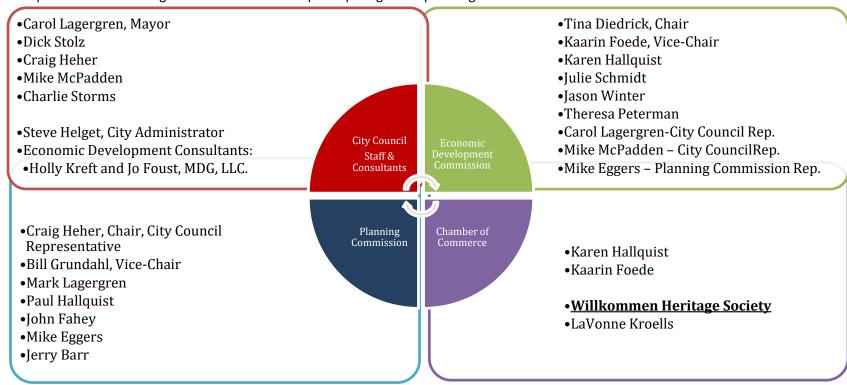
Focus Areas. Eight key focus areas resulted through the planning process. These are summarized below:



Planning Process

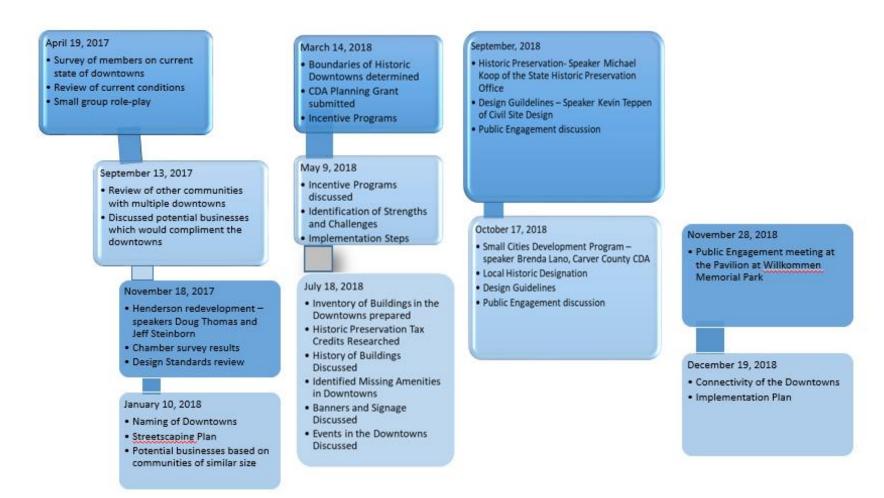


As a part of the planning process a group of elected and appointed officials from the City Council, Economic Development Commission, Planning Commission, Chamber of Commerce and Willkommen Heritage Society began meeting in April of 2017 to discuss the redevelopment of the downtowns. Guest speakers and consultants also attended meeting and presented information on historic districts, design guidelines and the Small Cities Development Grant Program. A grant was secured from the Carver County CDA to assist with the development of the Redevelopment Plan and Design Guidelines. Members participating in the planning sessions included:



Planning Process

Process. As a part of the planning process, eleven meetings were held over a 20-month period. A summary of topics discussed follows:



Planning Process

A public engagement session was held November 28th, with all downtown building and business owners invited. Approximately 20 people attended. The group consensus was:

- 1. Support for sharing the history of buildings with the business/property owners and encouraging redevelopment consistent with the time era in which the building was constructed.
- 2. Support for the application for SCDP grant and tying funding to design guidelines
- 3. Adoption of Design Guidelines
- 4. Support to increase maintenance in the downtowns including weeds, unused furniture, inoperable vehicles, streetlights, municipal parking lot, covered windows, and street trees. This may include review of current ordinances and amendments to reduce timeframes for compliance
- 5. Support for increased events in the downtowns, including food trucks









History of the Downtowns

The city of Norwood Young America had a unique beginning, two small towns in the mid 1800's with only a mile separating them. Young America was founded first, in 1856 by James Slocum Jr. and Dr. R.M. Kennedy. Slocum came to St. Paul, MN in 1855; from there he took a steamboat to Carver and then following Indian trails to what we know today as Young America. Early businesses were a saw and grist mill, general mercantile, and grain businesses.

Slocum's first choice of a name was Young America. In 1879 it was changed to Teuteberg. They later adopted the name Young America. By 1880 the population of Young America was 151.

About that time, the Milwaukee Railroad was going to install tracks near Young America. Residents didn't want to pay a bonus to have tracks laid, so the rail line moved a mile south. The original depot, built in 1872, was called Young America Station. Sensing a business opportunity Slocum and several townspeople re-established themselves near Young America Station.

As time passed Young America Station was incorporated in 1874 through special state legislation. Young America Station was renamed Norwood, after a friend and early settler of Slocum.

Slocum erected many buildings; a store, grain elevator, and the Bank of Norwood. Slocum was also involved in building the Methodist Church (Church of the Maples) in 1876. He also was the postmaster for both cities. In 1888, he relocated to Minneapolis.

[Source: Carver County Historical Society]



Historic Downtown Young America

On January 1, 1997 the two cities of Norwood and Young America merged into one city; Norwood Young America.

Historic Downtown Norwood contains approximately 3.61 acres of land, with a mix of residential units, public uses and commercial businesses. The 2018 assessed market value of the buildings and lots in the downtown is \$3,930,800. The buildings are primarily one and two-stories in height, with the exception of the city hall/senior housing complex on Elm Street, which is four stories high. Roof types are predominantly gable with a few flat roofs. An inventory of the parcels within Historic Downtown Norwood is included as Exhibit A. Below are photos of the historic downtown Norwood and current day downtown Norwood.

Historic Downtown Norwood





Source: Willkommen Heritage Society

Source: Google Maps

Historic Downtown Young America contains 42 parcels consisting of approximately 9.89 acres of land. The 2018 assessed market value of the buildings and lots in the downtown is \$6,121,000. The buildings are primarily one and two-stories in height. Roof types are predominantly gable and flat roofs. An inventory of the parcels within Historic Downtown Young America is included as Exhibit A. Following are photos of the historic downtown Young America and current day downtown Young America.



Source: Willkommen Heritage Society

Source: Google Maps



Goals identified:

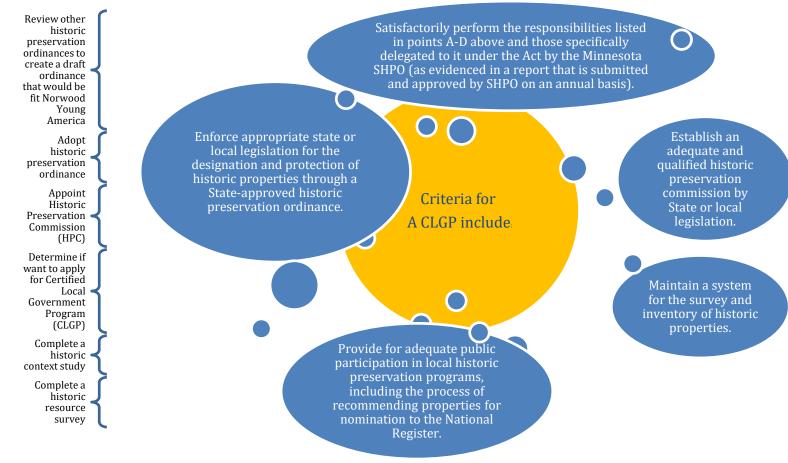
Develop a historic walking tours

Provide building and business owners with information on the historic use(s) of buildings which could be displayed in buildings.



Historic Designations - State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)

The Joint Committee discussed the potential creation of a Local Historic Preservation Ordinance and local designation. The committee found the information beneficial, but did not identify the development of a Local Historic Preservation Ordinance as a short-term goal. If the City were to choose to move forward with the creation of locally designated historic districts the implementation steps would be as follows:



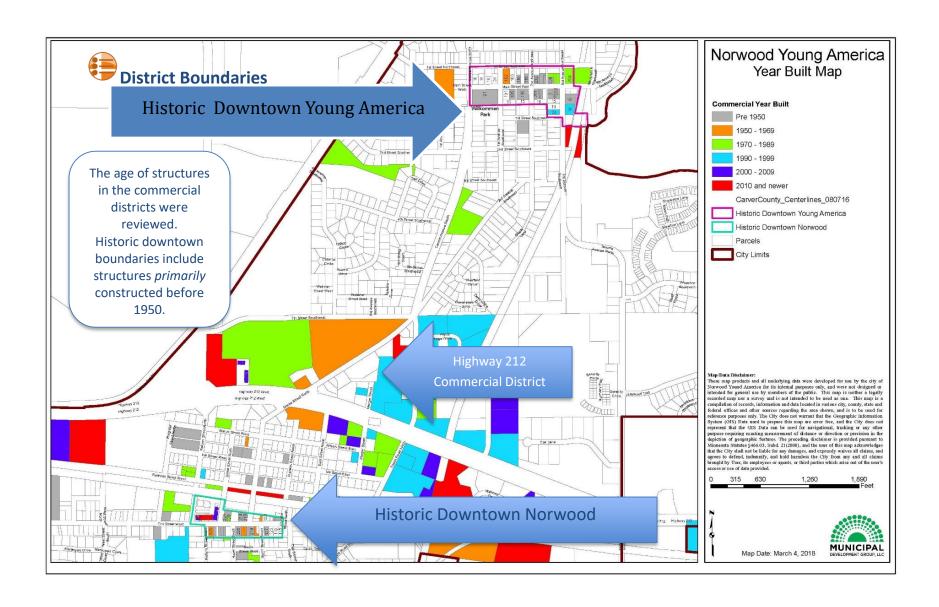
Grant funds are only available to CLGP communities. Annual matching grants are available to communities for projects such as:

- Historic resource surveys
- Preparation of local/national designation forms
- Historic preservation plans
- Building reuse studies
- Cultural landscape inventories
- Design guidelines for property owners
- Public education

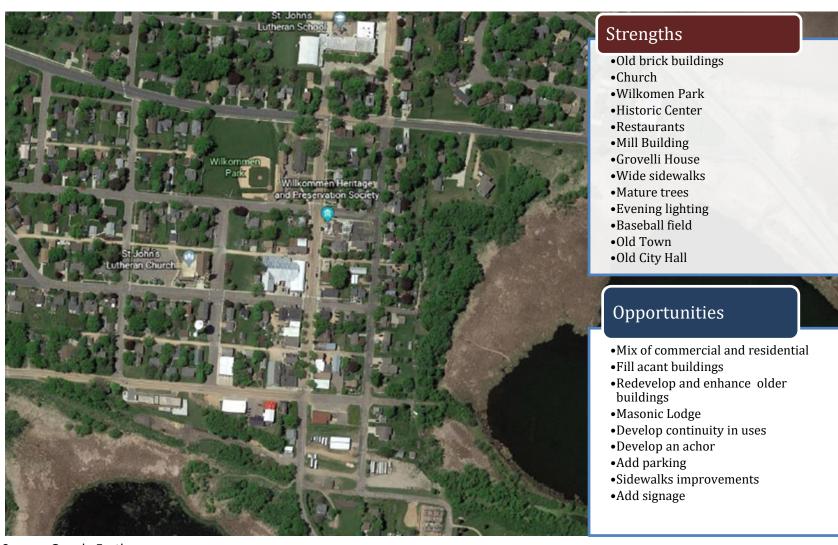
Capital (brick and mortar) projects are not eligible. For 2018 there was \$91,000 available statewide.

Tax credits are available on a State and Federal level (up to 40%) for properties that are certified historic structures: either a building listed on the National Register of Historic Places or certified as contributing to a Registered Historic District.

District Boundaries



Historic Downtown Young America



Source: Google Earth

Historic Downtown Norwood



Source: Google Earth

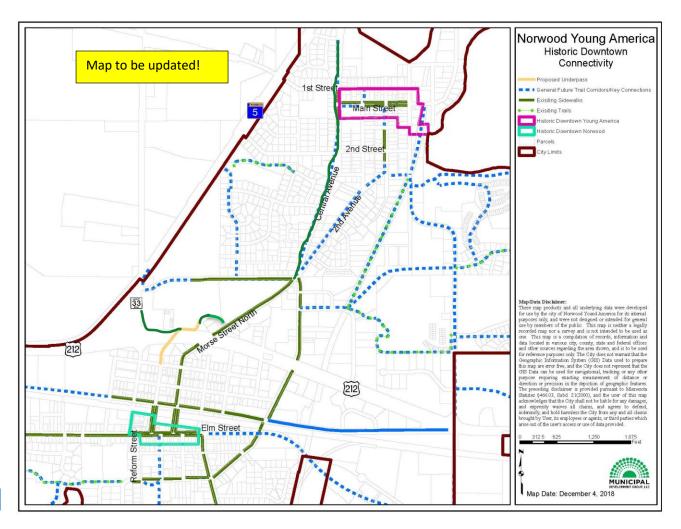
Connectivity



Downtown districts are not only accessed by vehicular traffic, but also provide for a pedestrian experience.
Providing connections to neighborhoods, schools, parks and government facilities is important. The map to the right illustrates existing sidewalk and trail connections as well as proposed future trail connections which would link the two historic downtowns.

The future Highway 212 underpass plays an important role in the connectivity of the commercial districts to schools and parks.





Financial Incentives

Financial Incentives and Programs

In order to encourage and assist building and business owners with redevelopment projects, the committee discussed financial programs which could be offered. The following programs were identified:

Existing financial incentives which are available to assist with (re)development projects in the downtowns follow. These programs do not require any additional budget requirements. These include:

- MCCD and EDC loan programs. The EDC has \$135,000 in its Revolving Loan Fund, which the MCCD administers the loan process after review. The MCCD loan program has separate funding.
- Tax abatement and tax increment financing. The amount of assistance available is dependent on the size of the project and impact on the tax base.
- State programs to assist with contamination clean-up, and
- Local conventional loans and SBA loans through financial institutions.

New programs which would could be offered and would require the City/EDC budget funds include:

- A No Interest Loan program, (i.e. \$20,000 for four loans up to \$5,000 or two \$10,000 loans).
- An interest rate reduction program with local banks. We have contacted local banks to obtain input on their interest in such a program, as well as the dollar amount they would recommend.
- Tourism mini grants, (i.e. three mini grants of \$1000 each or \$3,000).

Grant programs which could be pursued include:

• The Small Cities Development Grant program (could be structured with a forgivable loan)

Fee Reduction Incentives. The following programs would not require the City to budget funds but would result in less revenue being collected by the City; and therefore would need to be noted in the recommendation to the City Council. These may include:

- A reduction in building permit fees (i.e. a 10% reduction up to \$500 for the first five downtown permits issued: Total cost \$2,500 (if five permits are pulled).
- A reduction in water and sewer rates or connection fees if they "go green". (i.e. \$500 reduction for first 5 permits or \$2,500 if projects occur).

Maintenance & Public Infrastructure

Maintenance and Public Infrastructure Improvements. Two members of the Joint Committee toured the downtowns and noted several areas in which maintenance was recommended. At the public engagement session, downtown business representatives also expressed a desire for the City to invest in maintenance, code enforcement and improvements to public infrastructure. Examples follow:

Historic Downtown Norwood (Elm Street) Old Flower Bare lot next to Two trees have Add more City Wide Wood Weeds need to shop/Meat Pavers - need Bottom of light been removed garbage cans Weeds, grass Floors, vehicles, market building to be lifted - to be maintained poles need to be on Elm Street near the BB needs to be cut. weeds, needs to outside area match curb around tree touched up, and area has park entrance. be maintained needs to be level. repainted. metal grates. been cemented Pour House bar. better. cleaned up. over.



Historic Downtown Young America (Main Street) Fire Weeds Missing four Building **Hydrants** Pavers also Gazebo and Yellow paint **Pavers** Mature metal grates Old Post across the around and sinking around pavilion curbing trees, have Pavilion, Office area around street surrounding below curb gazebo need needs needs to be no metal weeds in various is terrible. terrible pavers are line. touch up. painting touched up. grates. sidewalks. shape. trees. popping up.

Target Marketing to Fill Vacancies



Target Marketed to Fill Vacant Spaces

Vacant spaces within the downtowns will fluctuate as buildings are leased or sold. Currently there are five vacant buildings in each historic downtown. Building owners were contacted and offered to market their space on the City website. The Joint Committee identified a desire to have niche (or destination) businesses located in the historic downtowns. Potential businesses identified included:



Tourism & Community Events



The Joint Committee discussed the current events hosted by the NYA Area Chamber of Commerce that bring people to the downtowns including:

Current Events

- Chili Cook off
- Taste of NYA
- Stiftungsfest
- Bean Bag Tournaments



Potential Events

- Downtown arts fair
- Youth dance studio performances
- Local authors
- Music, food
- Farmers Market
- Car cruise

Implementation Plan

Implementation Plan

Goals identified as part of the Redevelopment Plan include both short-term and long-term projects. Short-term projects could take place in the next 2-3 years. Long-term projects may take 5-10 years to implement. The joint committee may begin work on both short-term and long-term projects, but recognizing that long-term projects will take longer to implement and may require approval from other jurisdictions.

Short-term Projects

Category	Project	Responsible Party	Next Steps
Design / Aesthetics	Adopt Design	EDC/Planning	1. EDC and Planning Commission Recommendation to adopt the Design
	Guidelines	Commission/ City	Guidelines, as recommended as a part of the Redevelopment Plan
		Council	2. City Council adoption of Design Guidelines
			3. Education of Guidelines to building and business owners
Historic	Inventory	Willkommen	4. Use Property Template to inventory information about buildings
Designation	Buildings	Center/City	5. Share information with building owners
Vacant Spaces	Window	EDC/Chamber	Contact building owners (vacant and storage) about window displays
	Displays		2. Work with Willkommen Center and School District to create historic
			window displays
Maintenance	Add Benches	EDC/Public Works	Inventory existing benches
			2. Determine location for new benches
			3. Order benches
			4. Place benches in identified locations
Maintenance	Add Fence or	City/Public Works	Determine best solution (fence or hedge)
	Hedge to		2. Install fence or hedge
	Municipal		
	Parking Lot		

Implementation Plan

Maintenance	Review	Planning	1.	Determine if timeframe for compliance should be shortened
	Enforcement	Commission/City	2.	Amend ordinance (if needed)
	Procedure	Council	3.	Review outdoor storage ordinances including parking of trailers.
Financial	Business Input	EDC/Chamber	1.	Host a joint meeting with the Chamber to gain greater input from
Incentives				businesses on financial incentives
			2.	Continue to pursue a Small Cities Development Grant
Tourism and	Downtown Arts	EDC/Chamber	1.	Meet with members of Arts Consortium of Carver County regarding
Events	Fair/Music			festival in western Carver County
			2.	Reach out to local artists and dance theatres about interest
Connectivity	Wayfinding	EDC	1.	Work with MNDOT staff on signage changes and additions
	Signage		2.	Work with MNDOT to have signage installed
Maintenance	Street Trees	City/Public Works	1.	Identify locations of where trees were removed
			2.	Determine if trees can be replaced in those locations
			3.	Have concrete removed and soil remediated
			4.	Plant trees

Long-term Projects

Category	Project	Responsible Party	Next Steps
Maintenance	Decorative	City	1. Identify locations for additional decorative streetlights in Historic
	Streetlights		Downtown Young America
			2. Obtain costs for streetlights
			3. Include in subsequent year budget
			4. Have lights installed
Connectivity	Trails/Sidewalk	City	1. Identify gaps in connectivity between existing trails and sidewalks
			2. Budget for new trails or sidewalks in subsequent years
			3. Research application for DNR Local Connections grant to help offset
			costs

Inventory of Parcels - Historic Downtown Young America

			Total							
		Year	Valuation		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	2018	Acreage	Material	Туре	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	310 Elm				Brick,					
	Street	Not			Block,					City Hall/Senior
58.670.0200	West	Available			Vinyl	Gable	4	Yes	Municipal	Housing
	122 Union									
	Street	Not							Multi-family	
58.050.0620	North	Available	\$205,400	0.11	Wood	Gable	2	No	residential	Apartments
	116 Union									
	Street	Not							Commercial/Resident	Salon and
58.050.0610	North	Available	\$134,400	0.03	Brick	Gable	2	No	ial	Apartment
	224 Elm									
	Street	Not								Quilt Shop and
58.050.0560	West	Available	\$118,200	0.06	Brick	Gable	2	Yes	Commercial	Apartment
	220 Elm									
	Street	Not							Commercial/Resident	Salon and
58.050.0570	West	Available	\$170,000	0.06	Vinyl	Flat	1	Yes	ial	Apartments
	Not	Vacant								
58.050.0580	Available	Land	\$18,400	0.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Vacant - Municipal	Parking Lot
	214 Elm									Accountant Office
	Street	Not			Brick and					
58.050.0590	West	Available	\$238,600	0.14	Block	Gable	1.5	Yes	Commercial	
	210 Elm				Brick,	Gable				
	Street	Not			Wood,	and			Commercial/Resident	Vacant and
58.050.0600	West	Available	\$151,200	0.12	Vinyl	Flat	2	No	ial	Apartments
	116 Morse								Single Family	
58.050.0550	Street N	1890	\$96,600	0.09	Wood	Gable	1	Yes	Residential	House

			Total							
		Year	Valuation		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	2018	Acreage	Material	Type	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	110 Morse								Single Family	
58.050.0540	Street N	1880	\$123,900	0.07	Vinyl	Gable	2	No	Residential	Apartments
	124 Elm				Block					
	Street	Not			and					
58.050.0500	West	Available	\$55,900	0.05	Wood	Gable	1.5	Yes	Commercial	Insurance Office
	120 Elm									
	Street								Single Family	
58.050.0490	West	1890	\$99,700	0.15	Wood	Gable	2	Yes	Residential	House
	Not	Vacant								
58.050.0530	Available	Land	\$12,400	0.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	Vacant - Residential	Vacant Land
	114 Elm				Brick,					
	Street	Not			Block,					
58.050.0510	West	Available	\$59,100	0.02	Vinyl	Gable	1.5	Yes	Commercial	Unknown
	110 Elm									
	Street	Not			Brick and				Multi-family	
58.050.0520	West	Available	\$250,600	0.07	Wood	Flat	2	No	residential	Apartments
	115 Elm									
	Street	4005	4424.000	0.47	\ I	6.11		.,	Single Family	l
58.050.0080	West	1885	\$124,900	0.17	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	Residential	House
	119 Elm								Cinala Familia	
F0 0F0 0000	Street	1005	¢oc coo	0.17	14/a a al	Cabla	4 5	Vaa	Single Family	Havea
58.050.0090	West	1885	\$96,600	0.17	Wood	Gable	1.5	Yes	Residential	House
	123 Elm Street								Multi-family	
58.050.0100	West	1890	\$128,700	0.17	Vinyl	Gable	2	No	residential	Apartments
33.030.0100	127 Elm	1030	\$120,700	0.17	villyi	Janie		INU	residential	Apartments
	Street	Not								
58.050.0110	West	Available	\$126,500	0.17	Stucco	Gable	1.5	No	Commercial	Unknown

			Total							
		Year	Valuation		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	2018	Acreage	Material	Type	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	211 Elm									
	Street								Single Family	
58.050.0180	West	1900	\$114,900	0.07	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	Residential	House
	215 Elm									
	Street	Not			Brick and					
58.050.0170	West	Available	\$72,700	0.09	Wood	Flat	1	No	Commercial	Unknown
	219 Elm					Gable				
	Street	Not			Vinyl and	and			Residential/Commerc	
58.050.0190	West	Available	\$225,700	0.17	Brick	Flat	2	No	ial	Apartments/Vacant
	221 Elm									
	Street	Not			Stucco					
58.050.0200	West	Available	\$94,100	0.11	and Brick	Gable	2	No	Commercial	Vacant
	223 Elm									
	Street	Not								
58.050.0210	West	Available	\$57,900	0.08	Brick	Flat	1	No	Commercial	Vacant
	225 Elm									
	Street	Not								Dog
58.050.0220	West	Available	\$81,800	0.1	Brick	Flat	1	No	Commercial	Groomer/Vacant
	227 Elm									
	Street		4				_		Single Family	
58.050.0230	West	1890	\$170,000	0.21	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	Residential	House
	Not	Vacant	400.455	0.4-		/.				
58.050.0290	Available	Land	\$23,100	0.17	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	Commercial	Gravel Parking Lot
	315 Elm				Wood					
50 050 0300	Street	Not	¢40.000	0.00	and	F1-+	4.5	NI-	Ca mana analah	Manage
58.050.0300	West	Available	\$49,800	0.06	Block	Flat	1.5	No	Commercial	Vacant
	319 Elm	Net							Communicat/Docid	
E0 0E0 0340	Street	Not	¢110.700	0.4	Duiale	Tla.	2	Nie	Commercial/Resident	A a to .
58.050.0310	West	Available	\$119,700	0.1	Brick	Flat	2	No	ial	Apartments/Vacant

		Year	Total		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	Valuation	Acreage	Material	Type	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	321 Elm									
	Street	Not			Stucco					
58.050.0380	West	Available	\$117,900	0.09	and Brick	Flat	1	Yes	Industrial	Wood Flooring
	323 Elm									
	Street	Vacant								
58.050.0320	West	Land	\$6,700	0.08	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Commercial	Gravel Parking Lot
	325 Elm									
	Street				Brick and				Commercial/Resident	
58.050.0330	West	1900	\$166,900	0.1	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	ial	Bar/Apartment
	327 Elm									Fire
	Street	Not								Station/Community
58.050.0340	West	Available	\$400,700	0.17	Brick	Flat	2	Yes	Municipal	Room
	327 Elm		, 20/100				_			
	Street	Vacant								
58.050.0350	West	Land	\$17,800	0.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Municipal	Parking Lot
Total			\$3,930,800	3.61						

Inventory of Parcels - Historic Downtown Young America

		Year	Total		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	Valuation	Acreage	Material	Туре	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	7 1st								Single family	
58.051.0270	Street NE	1951	\$117,400	0.23	Vinyl	Gable	1	No	residential	House
	14 Main									
	Street				Wood &				Single family	
58.051.0280	East	1938	\$156,400	0.23	stone	Gable	1.5	Yes	residential	House
	10 Main									
	Street								Single family	
58.051.0290	East	1919	\$154,000	0.23	Wood	Gable	1.5	Yes	residential	House
	24 Main									
	Street								Single family	
58.051.0300	East	1890	\$143,700	0.23	Wood	Gable	2	Yes	residential	House
	18 Main									
	Street								Single family	
58.051.0310	East	1961	\$137,300	0.17	Wood	Gable	1	No	residential	House
	17 1st								Single family	
58.051.0320	Street NE	1981	\$149,800	0.17	Vinyl	Gable	1	Yes	residential	House
	19 1st				Wood &				Single family	
58.051.0330	Street NE	1900	\$104,000	0.05	stone	Gable	1.5	Yes	residential	House
						Gable				
	19 1st	Not	Not		Metal &	&			Single family	
58.051.0340	Street NE	Available	Available	0.05	Wood	Ноор	1	Yes	residential	Storage
	102 Main									
	Street	Not				Flat &				Museum/food
58.051.0350	East	Available	\$833,100	0.39	Brick	Gable	1	Yes	Institutional	shelf
	106 Main									
= 0=1 0055	Street	4045	4474.655				_		Single family	
58.051.0360	East	1910	\$174,600	0.3	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	residential	House

		Year	Total		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	Valuation	Acreage	Material	Туре	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	110 Main									
	Street								Commercial and	Hair
58.051.0370	East	1948	\$119,500	0.13	Stucco	Flat	1	Yes	residential	Salon/Apartment
	114 Main		, -,							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Street								Single family	
58.051.0390	East	1880	\$157,100	0.22	Vinyl	Gable	2	Yes	residential	House
	118 Main									
	Street	Not			Vinyl and					
58.051.0380	East	Available	\$122,900	0.16	Wood	Gable	1	Yes	Commercial	Bar
	202 Main									
50.054.0460	Street	Not	4430.000	0.40		6 11	_			
58.051.0460	East	Available	\$129,000	0.18	Wood	Gable	2	No	Multi-family residential	Apartment
	216 Main									
	Street				Brick and				Commercial and	
58.051.0440	East	1881	\$126,000	0.17	Wood	Gable	2	No	residential	Vacant
	220 Main				Matal					
	220 Main Street	Not			Metal, Brick and					Plumbing business
58.051.0450	East	Available	\$65,800	0.07	Wood	Gable	1	Yes	Commercial	storage
30.031.0430	224 Main	/ (Valiable	703,000	0.07	Wood	Gable	_	103	commercial	Storage
	Street	Not				and				
58.051.0470	East	Available	\$256,700	0.14	Vinyl	Flat	2	No	Multi-family residential	Apartment
	228 Main				,					
	Street	Not			Block					
58.051.0490	East	Available	\$48,100.00	0.1	and vinyl	Flat	1	Yes	Commercial	Laundromat
	232 Main									
	Street	Not								
58.051.0500	East	Available	\$89,200.00	0.13	Metal	Gable	1	No	Commercial	Vacant

		Year	Total		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	Valuation	Acreage	Material	Type	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	304 Main					7.				
	Street	Not								
58.051.0530	East	Available	\$248,600	0.45	Brick	Gable	1	No	Commercial	Vacant
	315 Main									
50.054.0570	Street	4000	d4.04.200	0.40) A /	6.11	4.5		Single family	
58.051.0570	East	1900	\$101,200	0.18	Wood	Gable	1.5	No	residential	House
	10 3rd								Single family	
58.051.0580	Avenue SE	1904	\$4,600	0.05	Brick	Flat	2	No	residential	Vacant
					Metal,					
	18 3rd	Not			Brick and					Home décor and
58.051.0610	Avenue SE	Available	\$343,900	0.42	Wood	Gable	2	No	Commercial	antique store
	24 3rd	Not	· · · · ·							
58.051.0600	Avenue SE	Available	\$188,500	0.35	Metal	Gable	1.5	Yes	Municipal	Public Works
30.031.0000			7100,500	0.55	Wictai	Gabic	1.5	103	Widincipal	T done vvorks
	No	Vacant	4							
58.076.0090	Address	Land	\$36,600	0.46	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Municipal	Public Works
	23 3rd	Not								
58.051.0690	Avenue SE	Available	\$317,800	0.23	Metal	Gable	1.5	Yes	Municipal	Fire Station
	19 3rd								Single family	
58.051.0700	Avenue SE	1923	\$162,800	0.29	Wood	Gable	1.5	Yes	residential	House
	15 3rd		•						Single family	
58.051.0710	Avenue SE	1904	\$103,400	0.17	Vinyl	Gable	1.5	Yes	Single family residential	House
30.031.0710	Avenue 3E	1304	\$103, 4 00	0.17	Metal	Jabie	1.3	163	residential	Tiouse
	11 3rd	Not			and					
58.051.0720	Avenue SE	Available	\$74,400	0.21	block	Gable	1	No	Industrial	Vacant

Address	Year Built	Total Valuation	Acreage	Building Material	Roof Type	Stories	Owner Occupied	Tax Class	Use
223 Main				Brick.			•		
Street				,	and			Commercial/	
East	1910	\$212,900	0.17	stucco	Gable	2	Yes	Residential	Bar and House
217 Main									
Street	Not							Commercial/	Apartment and
East	Available	\$88,500	0.08	Wood	Gable	2	No	Residential	Vacant
213 Main									
Street									
East	1920	\$177,700	0.12	Wood	1	2	No	Multi-family residential	Apartment
209 Main				Wood,	Flat				
Street	Not			brick,	and				
East	Available	\$75,800	0.1	stucco	Gable	2	No	Commercial	Vacant
16 2nd								Single family	
Avenue SE	1896	\$153,800	0.21	Wood	Gable	2	Yes	residential	House
205 Main									
Street	Not							Single family	
East	Available	\$44,300	0.05	Brick	Flat	2	Yes	residential	House
201 Main				Stucco					
Street	Not			and					
East	Available	\$283,400	0.18	wood	Gable	2	No	Multi-family residential	Apartment
15 2nd	Not								Vehicle repair and
Avenue SE	Available	\$35,800	0.17	Metal	Gable	1	Yes	Industrial	storage
115 Main									
	Not								Vehicle repair and
		\$301,300	0.47	Metal	Gable	1	Yes	Industrial	storage
	223 Main Street East 217 Main Street East 213 Main Street East 209 Main Street East 16 2nd Avenue SE 205 Main Street East 201 Main Street East	Address Built 223 Main Street East 1910 217 Main Street Not East Available 213 Main Street East 1920 209 Main Street Not East Available 16 2nd Avenue SE 1896 205 Main Street Not East Available 201 Main Street Not East Available 15 2nd Not Available	Address Built Valuation 223 Main Street East 1910 \$212,900 217 Main Street Not East Available \$88,500 213 Main Street East 1920 \$177,700 209 Main Street Not East Available \$75,800 16 2nd Avenue SE 1896 \$153,800 205 Main Street Not East Available \$44,300 201 Main Street Not East Available \$283,400 15 2nd Not Avenue SE Available \$35,800 15 2nd Not Avenue SE Available \$35,800	Address Built Valuation Acreage 223 Main Street 1910 \$212,900 0.17 217 Main Street Not East Available \$88,500 0.08 213 Main Street \$177,700 0.12 209 Main Street Not East Available \$75,800 0.1 16 2nd Avenue SE 1896 \$153,800 0.21 205 Main Street Not East Available \$44,300 0.05 201 Main Street Not East Available \$283,400 0.18 15 2nd Avenue SE Available \$35,800 0.17 115 Main Street Not Not \$35,800 0.17	AddressBuiltValuationAcreageMaterial223 Main Street East1910\$212,9000.17stucco217 Main Street EastNot East\$88,5000.08Wood213 Main Street East1920\$177,7000.12Wood209 Main Street EastNot Available\$75,8000.1stucco16 2nd Avenue SE1896\$153,8000.21Wood205 Main StreetNot EastAvailable\$44,3000.05Brick201 Main StreetNot EastAvailable\$283,4000.18wood15 2nd Avenue SEAvailable\$35,8000.17Metal115 Main StreetNot Avenue SE\$35,8000.17Metal	AddressBuiltValuationAcreageMaterialType223 Main Street East1910\$212,9000.17stuccoGable217 Main StreetNot EastAvailable\$88,5000.08WoodGable213 Main Street East1920\$177,7000.12WoodGable209 Main StreetNot EastWood, brick, and streetFlat brick, and struccoFlat brick, and16 2nd Avenue SE1896\$153,8000.21WoodGable205 Main StreetNot EastAvailable\$44,3000.05BrickFlat201 Main StreetNot EastAvailable\$283,4000.18woodGable15 2nd Avenue SEAvailable\$35,8000.17MetalGable	Address Built Valuation Acreage Material Type Stories 223 Main Street 1910 \$212,900 0.17 stucco Gable 2 217 Main Street Not East Available \$88,500 0.08 Wood Gable 2 213 Main Street 1920 \$177,700 0.12 Wood Gable 2 209 Main Street Not East Available \$75,800 0.1 wood Flat brick, and and 4 Venue SE 1896 \$153,800 0.21 Wood Gable 2 205 Main Street Not East Available \$44,300 0.05 Brick Flat 2 201 Main Street Not East Available \$283,400 0.18 wood Gable 2 15 2nd Avenue SE Available \$35,800 0.17 Metal Gable 1 115 Main Street Not \$35,800 0.17 Metal Gable 1	Address Built Valuation Acreage Material Type Stories Occupied 223 Main Street Brick, block, and shock, and street Flat block, and shock, and shock, and shock, and street Stucco Gable 2 Yes 217 Main Street Not East Available \$88,500 0.08 Wood Gable 2 No 213 Main Street 1920 \$177,700 0.12 Wood Gable 2 No 209 Main Street Not Wood, brick, and brick, and brick, and brick, and street Stucco Gable 2 No 16 2nd Avenue SE 1896 \$153,800 0.21 Wood Gable 2 Yes 205 Main Street Not Stucco and Stucco and Stucco and Yes 201 Main Street Not \$283,400 0.18 wood Gable 2 No 15 2nd Avenue SE Available \$35,800 0.17 Metal Gable 1 Yes 115 Main Street Not \$35,800 0.17 Metal Gable 1 Yes	Address Built Valuation Acreage Material Type Stories Occupied Tax Class 223 Main Street

		Year	Total		Building	Roof		Owner		
PID	Address	Built	Valuation	Acreage	Material	Type	Stories	Occupied	Tax Class	Use
	105 Main					Gable				
	Street	Not				and			Commercial/	
58.051.0760	East	Available	\$240,400	0.23	Wood	Flat	2	No	Residential	Vacant
	101 Main									
	Street								Single family	
58.051.0750	East	1900	\$137,300	0.23	Wood	Gable	2	Yes	residential	House
	16 1st								Single family	
58.051.0770	Avenue SE	1953	\$148,100	0.23	Vinyl	Gable	1	Yes	residential	House
	21 Main									
	Street	Not								
58.051.0810	East	Available	\$518,500	1.49	Wood	Gable	1.5	Yes	Municipal	Willkommen Park
Total			\$6,121,600	9.89						

Exhibit B- Design Guidelines

Design Guidelines – Exhibit B includes Design Guidelines to build on the unique character of each downtown. The Guidelines include goals, proposed architectural features and suggested color palettes. They also include recommendations for infill and the addition of fencing.

At this time, these are Design Guidelines and not requirements. It is understood that some design recommendations may not apply to all properties. It may be more suitable to have renovations consistent with the era of the building construction or previous use than the historic character of the district.

Historic Downtown Young America is recommended to incorporate a stick-built German and/or Danish architecture style.

Historic Downtown Norwood is recommended to incorporate a Scandinavian and/or Danish architectural style.



110 EAST MAIN STREET



115 EAST MAIN STREET



102 EAST MAIN STREET



118 EAST MAIN STREET



114 EAST MAIN STREET



105 EAST MAIN STREET



232 EAST MAIN STREET



220 EAST MAIN STREET



21 EAST MAIN STREET



201 EAST MAIN STREET



217 EAST MAIN STREET



223 EAST MAIN STREET

- 1 Establish a rich and vibrant small-town downtown environment that encourages pedestrian and human activity.
- 2 Maintain an appropriate scale for downtown Young America that fits the existing character of East Main Street while including space for commerce, office, and residential uses.
- 3 Develop and create structures of similar architecture quality and style to enforce the quality and character of historic downtown Young America.
- **4** Use vegetation, street furniture lighting, and signage to create a distinct character for downtown Young America.













These goals are the foundation from which the following guidelines were established. The following guidelines should be thought of as objectives or implementation steps to achieving the goals for historic downtown Young America. These standards have been established to ensure a successful, high-quality downtown environment. The purpose of establishing Design **Guidelines for Historic Downtown Young America is to ensure** appropriate development and redevelopment activities occur and that the vision and goals for the downtown are acheived through appropriate architectural styles and details.

ARCHITECTURE









Through a site site inventory and analysis several parameters were set for general character, architecture and color for the historic downtown. The images above demonstrate the architectural style, color and massing that shall dominate the downtown streetscapes. The main goal is to use common elements (i.e. color) throughout downtown to unit the users and create a more uniform frontage. The following Guidelines shall apply to the historic downtown Young America.

Rich colors with muted tones should be used on structures throughout the historic downtown. Dominant colors on structures should be muted rich tones. For example, chocolate brown, burgundy, slate blue, and taupe. Non-dominant colors could be more diverse, but should not be more than 20-percent of a buildingfront. Primary colors may be used as accents provided they are consistant with and do not exceed 20-percent of the facade.

dominant colors a c c e n t c o lors

ARCHITECTURAL ELEMENTS

ARCHITECTURE - ELEMENTS & CHARACTERISTICS

The sketch and pictures identify the appropriate style of architecture for the historic downtown of Young America. The downtown architecture should create a special and unique environment and should feel different that the surrounding environment.







The sketch and example pictures demonstrate a mix of architecture styles, including a neo-traditional structure as well as a stick-built traditional Danish structure. All images include the following characteristics that unite them and make them appropriate for Downtown:

- High percentage of glass at the street level makes them inviting and adds an element of transparency.
- Architectural details including the parapets, cornices, window casings and sashes, and roof lines all have clean lines.
- Clearly identified structures and signage affixed to the facade of the structure is required on all buildings in the Downtown District.





ARCHITECTURAL ELEMENTS

ARCHITECTURE

Objective: To create an environment with an architectural palette that is cohesive and unique to historic downtown Young America.

Individual storefronts and separation between structures (perceived or literal) should dominate the downtown. Mixed-use structures, when stacked, are appropriate for the downtown provided the scales does not exceed two and a half stories.

The stick-build German and/or Danish architectural style shall dominate the downtown. Neo-traditional structures are appropriate provided color and scale matches the downtown character. If architectural styles of adjacent structures are different, common elements such as window style or color should be used to help create a more cohesive street frontage.

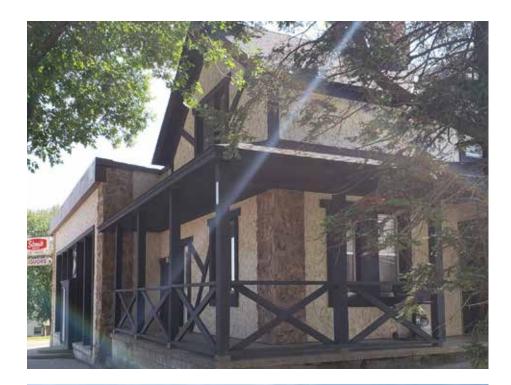
Buildings and structures shall have a distinct and varying roof line to encourage interest and variety. Structures shall have a district entry to clearly delineate the entrance users.

The first level of all structures shall have a transparent facade that is interesting and inviting.

Four-sided architecture is required particularly for structures with double frontage (i.e. corner lot), or visibility from major thoroughfares.













MATERIALS

It is the objective of the City to use high-quality materials that are warm, welcoming and sturdy throughout the Downtown District. High-quality traditional materials for structures (wood, brick, stucco, hardie, stone, etc.) are required for all structures.

The following material breakdown is required for all structures:

Street Level (Calculation includes parapet and false fronts for single-story structures):

Fenestration/Windows: 60% Minimum Wood/Brick/Stone/Hardie: 35% Minimum EIFS/Aluminum/Other: 5% Maximum

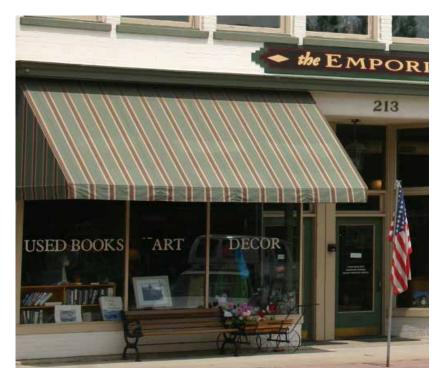
2nd Level (Calculation includes parapets and false fronts):

Fenestration/Windows: 40% Minimum Wood/Brick/Stone/Hardie: 50% Minimum EIFS/Aluminum/Other: 10% Maximum

The residential scale should be compatible with the scale and massing of adjacent commercial and/or office uses. All residential areas are open to discussion for material breakdown recommendations.

Clearly marked, welcoming entrances shall be required for all retail and office space in the Downtown District. All doors shall have a minimum of 50% of their area transparent (i.e. glass).









SCALE & MASSING

Architectural style and quality will directly influence scale and massing because style and height restrictions will naturally control the size and location of a structure. Additional parameters as set forth below shall also guide development in Downtown.

There should be no more than half (½) story difference between structures on the street to create some visual consistency.

Parapets and false fronts may be used to achieve greater consistency along the street frontage.

Parapets and false fronts will be included in materials calculations on the façade. These areas must include architectural detail, and/or fenestration to add visual interest to a façade.

Building space can be literal or perceived. (See Image) Buildings may be connected, but the illusion of spacing must be created to eliminate the appearance of a strip mall or connected multi-use structures.

Architectural detailing and fenestration should be used to reduce large expanses of walls without interest.

Buildings shall be a minimum of 15-feet wide but should be no larger than 40-feet wide; each user must have a minimum of 15-feet of frontage at the street-level.

Structures shall be no taller than 2.5 stories (35-feet maximum), where the half story is attributed to a parapet, false front, or roof pitch.







The above images represent the existing and appropriate scale and massing for the historic downtown of Young America. Parapets, false fronts and facade treatment help to break up the mass of structures and to create a quaint downtown feel.

SIGNAGE

A sign package should be created that allows each user the creativity to clearly define their space, but to do so in a manner that creates a visually appealing street frontage. Clear communication, as well as an aesthetic that caters to the small-town flavor shall be required in all sign packages.

All proposed signage should meet the current sign ordinance. In addition to these recommnendations, the following standards shall be applied to signs within the Downtown District.

Clean, elegant signage with small town character. Materials and scale should reflect the materials and scale of each user.

Supplemental signs are acceptable in this District, including sandwich boards and projecting signs.

Wall signage (i.e. signage affixed to the structure and flush with the façade) is required to ensure visibility of each user.

The following recommendations shall apply to the signage package for each user:

- Area: The total signage package shall not exceed 15-percent of the total façade area. This area includes the primary wall sign, supplemental signs including sandwich boards, projecting signs, and window signage.
- Sign Materials: Primary material should be wood. EIFS may also be included but will be calculated against materials recommendations. Other materials include metals such as aluminum or wrought iron.
- Lighting: All signs within the Downtown District must have secondary lighting. Internal lighting is not acceptable. This includes neon signs which are also not permitted. Backlit signs are appropriate provided they meet lighting standards set forth in the City's zoning code. Light pollution should be reduced when possible and energy reducing light fixtures used when possible.

Users should consider the scale and size of the sign package, and should develop a package that is complimentary to the user and the overall City character. A full signage package should be submitted for review during initial submittal of each project. This package will be reviewed by the Planning Commission or other design review commissions as identified by the City.







OFF-STREET PARKING INFILL

Off-street parking lot areas and vacant parcels shall be reduced and infilled wherever possible. Off-street parking lot widths shall be encouraged to reduce drive aisles to one per parking lot with two parking stall aisles on either side. Wherever an off-street parking lot or vacant parcel of land is to remain, permanent ornamental fencing and/or vertical landscaping shall be implemented at the front perimeter to create a clearly defined street frontage and pedestrian walkway in the downtown district.



Downtown Young America currently has implemented on-street parking and minimized off-street parking lots in the downtown district that are visible to the central street frontage. There are no current vacant parcels of land and/or off-street parking lots that must be reduced or infilled. These design guidelines shall serve as future development instructions for the downtown district.



122 NORTH UNION STREET



314 ELM STREET WEST



315 ELM STREET WEST



224 ELM STREET WEST



224 ELM STREET WEST



219 ELM STREET WEST



VACANT PARKING LOT ELM STREET W.



325 ELM STREET WEST



221 ELM STREET WEST



215 ELM STREET WEST



110 ELM STREET WEST



210 ELM STREET WEST

- 1 Establish a rich and vibrant small-town downtown environment that encourages pedestrian and human activity.
- 2 Maintain an appropriate scale for downtown Norwood that fits the existing character of Elm Street West while including space for commerce, office, and residential uses.
- **3** Develop and create structures of similar architecture quality and style to enforce the quality and character of historic downtownNorwood.
- 4 Use vegetation, street furniture lighting, and signage to create a distinct character for downtown Norwood.













These goals are the foundation from which the following guidelines were established. The following guidelines should be thought of as objectives or implementation steps to achieving the goals for historic downtown Young America. These standards have been established to ensure a successful, high-quality downtown environment. The purpose of establishing Design **Guidelines for Historic Downtown** Norwood is to ensure appropriate development and redevelopment activities occur and that the vision and goals for the downtown are acheived through appropriate architectural styles and details.

GOALS

ARCHITECTURE









Through a site site inventory and analysis several parameters were set for general character, architecture and color for the historic downtown. The images above demonstrate the architectural style, color and massing that shall dominate the downtown streetscapes. The main goal is to use common elements (i.e. color) throughout downtown to unit the users and create a more uniform frontage. The following Guidelines shall apply to the Historic Downtown Norwood.

Rich colors with muted tones should be used on structures throughout the historic downtown. Dominant colors on structures should be muted rich tones. For example, light blue, beige, light grey, and chestnut. Non-dominant colors could be more diverse, but should not be more than 20-percent of a buildingfront. Primary colors may be used as accents provided they are consistant with and do not exceed 20-percent of the facade.

dominant colors accent colors

ARCHITECTURAL ELEMENTS

COLOR

ARCHITECTURE - ELEMENTS & CHARACTERISTICS

The sketch and pictures identify the appropriate style of architecture for the historic downtown of Norwood. The downtown architecture should create a special and unique environment and should feel different that the surrounding environment.







The sketch and example pictures demonstrate a mix of architecture styles, including a neo-traditional structure as well as a stick-built traditional structure. All images include the following characteristics that unite them and make them appropriate for Downtown:

- High percentage of glass at the street level makes them inviting and adds an element of transparency.
- Architectural details including the parapets, cornices, window casings and sashes, and roof lines all have clean lines.
- Clearly identified structures and signage affixed to the facade of the structure is required on all buildings in the Downtown District.





ARCHITECTURE

Objective: To create an environment with an architectural palette that is cohesive and unique to historic downtown Norwood.

Individual storefronts and separation between structures (perceived or literal) should dominate the downtown. Mixed-use structures, when stacked, are appropriate for the downtown provided the scales does not exceed two and a half stories.

The stick-build Scandinavian and/or Danish architectural style shall dominate the downtown.

Neo-traditional structures are appropriate provided color and scale matches the downtown character. If architectural styles of adjacent structures are different, common elements such as window style or color should be used to help create a more cohesive street frontage.

Buildings and structures shall have a distinct and varying roof line to encourage interest and variety. Structures shall have a district entry to clearly delineate the entrance users.

The first level of all structures shall have a transparent facade that is interesting and inviting.

Four-sided architecture is required particularly for structures with double frontage (i.e. corner lot), or visibility from major thoroughfares.













MATERIALS

It is the objective of the City to use high-quality materials that are warm, welcoming and sturdy throughout the Downtown District. High-quality traditional materials for structures (wood, brick, stucco, hardie, stone, etc.) are required for all structures.

The following material breakdown is required for all structures:

Street Level (Calculation includes parapet and false fronts for single-story structures):

Fenestration/Windows: 60% Minimum Wood/Brick/Stone/Hardie: 35% Minimum EIFS/Aluminum/Other: 5% Maximum

2nd Level (Calculation includes parapets and false fronts):

Fenestration/Windows: 40% Minimum Wood/Brick/Stone/Hardie: 50% Minimum EIFS/Aluminum/Other: 10% Maximum

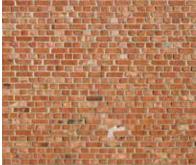
The residential scale should be compatible with the scale and massing of adjacent commercial and/or office uses. All residential areas are open to discussion for material breakdown recommendations.

Clearly marked, welcoming entrances shall be required for all retail and office space in the Downtown District. All doors shall have a minimum of 50% of their area transparent (i.e. glass).













SCALE & MASSING

Architectural style and quality will directly influence scale and massing because style and height restrictions will naturally control the size and location of a structure. Additional parameters as set forth below shall also guide development in Downtown.

There should be no more than half (½) story difference between structures on the street to create some visual consistency.

Parapets and false fronts may be used to achieve greater consistency along the street frontage.

Parapets and false fronts will be included in materials calculations on the façade. These areas must include architectural detail, and/or fenestration to add visual interest to a façade.

Building space can be literal or perceived. (See Image) Buildings may be connected, but the illusion of spacing must be created to eliminate the appearance of a strip mall or connected multi-use structures.

Architectural detailing and fenestration should be used to reduce large expanses of walls without interest.

Buildings shall be a minimum of 15-feet wide but should be no larger than 40-feet wide; each user must have a minimum of 15-feet of frontage at the street-level.

Structures shall be no taller than 2.5 stories (35-feet maximum), where the half story is attributed to a parapet, false front, or roof pitch.







The above images represent the existing and appropriate scale and massing for the historic downtown of Young America. Parapets, false fronts and facade treatment help to break up the mass of structures and to create a quaint downtown feel.

SIGNAGE

A sign package should be created that allows each user the creativity to clearly define their space, but to do so in a manner that creates a visually appealing street frontage. Clear communication, as well as an aesthetic that caters to the small-town flavor shall be required in all sign packages.

All proposed signage should meet the current sign ordinance. In addition to these recommendations, the following standards shall be applied to signs within the Downtown of Norwood.

Clean, elegant signage with small town character. Materials and scale should reflect the materials and scale of each user.

Supplemental signs are acceptable in this District, including sandwich boards and projecting signs. Wall signage (i.e. signage affixed to the structure and flush with the façade) is required to ensure visibility of each user.

The following recommendations shall apply to the signage package for each user:

- Area: The total signage package shall not exceed 15-percent of the total façade area. This area includes the primary wall sign, supplemental signs including sandwich boards, projecting signs, and window signage.
- Sign Materials: Primary material should be wood. EIFS may also be included but will be calculated against materials recommendations. Other materials include metals such as alumunimum or wrought iron.
- Lighting: All signs within the Downtown District must have secondary lighting. Internal lighting is not acceptable. This includes neon signs which are also not permitted. Backlit signs are appropriate provided they meet lighting standards set forth in the City's zoning code. Light pollution should be reduced when possible and energy reducing light fixtures used when possible.

Users should consider the scale and size of the sign package, and should develop a package that is complimentary to the user and the overall City character. A full signage package should be submitted for review during initial submittal of each project. This package will be reviewed by the Planning Commission or other design review commissions as identified by the City.







OFF-STREET PARKING INFILL

Off-street parking lot areas and vacant parcels shall be reduced and infilled wherever possible. Off-street parking lot widths shall be encouraged to reduce drive aisles to one per parking lot with two parking stall aisles on either side. Wherever an off-street parking lot or vacant parcel of land is to remain, permanent ornamental fencing and/or vertical landscaping shall be implemented at the front perimeter to create a clearly defined street frontage and pedestrian walkway in the downtown district.





The off-street parking lot and vacant parcel of land shown above demonstrate examples of land that may be infilled or implemented with permanent ornamental fencing and/or vertical landscaping at the street frontage perimeters to clearly define appropriate setbacks for the downtown district.



IMPLEMENTATION OF DESIGN GUIDELINES

The implementation of these standards is critical to the overall success of these Guidelines. As stated previously, these standards are Guidelines and are meant to help future builders and developers understand the goals and aspirations with respect to design in the community. The City is committed to creating an identity and strong sense of place through design. The City does not want to limit creativity or unique development that might have a place in the community, which is why these Guidelines are designed to be general and broad, therefore creating opportunities for great design.

Although creativity and individuality is encouraged, these Guidelines must be enforced as a minimum standard throughout each District. The images and sketches throughout the document visually represent the character for the community. These images are not literal interpretations of the Historic Downtowns of Norwood and Young America, but they do suggest the direction of future design for the community.

Implementation of these Guidelines will occur in several ways and will affect a builder and developer at a variety of different times throughout the planning and design process. First and foremost, zoning and land use plays a role in these Guidelines and it is the responsibility of the developer or builder to understand how these regulations and the Guidelines work together.

















Exhibit C – Sample Historic Property Form

Address:	roperty History	
Historical Photo of Property	Date of Photo:	
Current Photo of Property	Date of Photo: Current Use: Current Owner:	
modified, etc.):	ist owners, unique history, years	